

Evaluation Reforms or Transformative Higher Education



AIU West Zone Vice Chancellors' Meet 2022-23

Aurangabad, Maharashtra, 21st February 2023

National Assessment and Accreditation Council Bengaluru, India



Dr. M. S. Shyamasundar Senior Adviser



Dr. L. Manjunatha Rao Deputy Adviser

Vision

To make quality the defining element of higher education in India through a combination of self and external quality evaluation, promotion and sustenance initiatives.

Mission

To arrange for periodic assessment and accreditation of Institutions of higher education or units thereof, or specific Academic Programmes or projects.

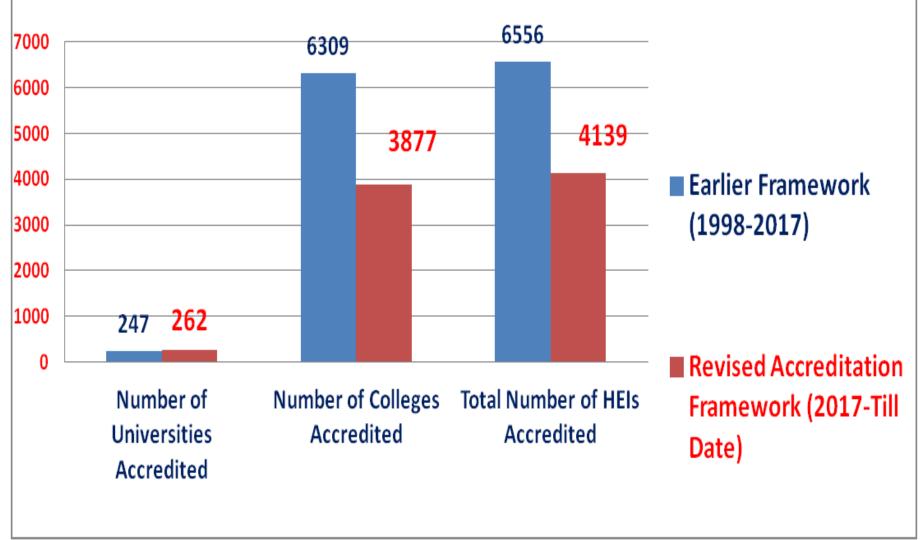
To stimulate the academic environment for promotion of quality of teaching-learning and research in higher education institutions.

To encourage self-evaluation, accountability, autonomy, and innovations in higher education.

To undertake quality-related research studies, consultancy and training Programmes.

To collaborate with other stakeholders of higher education for quality evaluation, promotion and sustenance.





The Seven Criteria of NAAC



Accreditation Documents

Manuals (Self Study Report)

 Benchmarks (Affiliated Colleges, Autonomous Colleges & Universities)

Data Templates

Standard Operating Procedures

Types of Manuals

Manual Type	Revised
Autonomous Colleges	February 2023
Affiliated Colleges	January 2023
General Universities	February 2023
Yoga Universities	March 2022
Law UG Colleges	October 2021
Law PG Colleges	October 2021
Law Universities	October 2021
Dual Mode Universities	December 2019
Teacher Education institutions	December 2019
Sanskrit Universities	October 2019
Open Universities	April 2019
Health Science college	April 2019
Health Science Universities	February 2019

Quality Indicator FRAMEWORK (QIF)- Universities

Type of HEIs	Universities Old SSR	Universities Revised SSR
Criteria	7	7
Key Indicators (KIs)	34	34
Qualitative Metrics (Q ₁ M)	36	32
Quantitative Metrics (Q _n M)	79	55
Total Metrics (Q ₁ M + Q _n M)	115	87

Quality Indicator FRAMEWORK (QIF)- Autonomous Colleges

Type of HEIs	Autonomous Colleges Old SSR	Autonomous Colleges Revised SSR
Criteria	7	7
Key Indicators (KIs)	34	34
Qualitative Metrics (Q ₁ M)	35	35
Quantitative Metrics (Q _n M)	72	50
Total Metrics (Q ₁ M + Q _n M)	107	85

Quality Indicator FRAMEWORK (QIF)- Affiliated Colleges

Type of HEIs	Affiliated Colleges Old SSR	Affiliated Colleges Revised SSR
Criteria	7	7
Key Indicators (KIs)	32	32
Qualitative Metrics (Q ₁ M)	36	22
Quantitative Metrics (Q _n M)	60	34
Total Metrics (Q ₁ M + Q _n M)	96	56

Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonomou s Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
1.	1.1 *(U)Curriculum Design and	50	50	NA
Curricular	Development			
Aspects	1.1.*(A)Curricular Planning	NA	NA	20
	and Implementation			
	1.2 Academic Flexibility	30	40	30
	1.3 Curriculum Enrichment	50	40	30
	1.4 Feedback System	20	20	20
	Total	150	150	100

Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonomous Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
	2.1 Student Enrolment and Profile	10	20	40
	2.2 Catering to Student Diversity	20	30	50
2.	2.3 Teaching-Learning Process	20	50	50
Teaching	2.4 Teacher Profile and Quality	60	50	60
Learning and	2.5 Evaluation Process and Reforms	30	50	30
Evaluation	2.6 Student Performance and Learning Outcomes	30	50	60
	2.7 Student Satisfaction Survey	30	50	60
	Total	200	300	350

	Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonom ous Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
		3.1 Promotion of Research and Facilities	20	20	NA
		3.2 Resource Mobilization for Research	40	10	15
		3.3 Innovation Ecosystem	20	10	NA
,	3. Research,	3.4 Research Publications and Awards	120	30	15
	Innovation s and	3.5 Consultancy	20	10	NA
	Extension	3.6 Extension Activities	20	50	60
		3.7 Collaboration	10	20	20
		Total	250	150	110

Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonomou s Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
4. Infrastructure and Learning Resources	4.1 Physical Facilities	30	30	30
	4.2 Library as a Learning Resource	20	20	20
	4.3 IT Infrastructure	30	30	30
	4.4 Maintenance of Campus Infrastructure	20	20	20
	Total	100	100	100

Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonomous Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
5.Student Support and Progression	5.1 Student Support	30	30	50
	5.2 Student Progression	45	30	30
	5.3 Student Participation and Activities	15	30	50
	5.4 Alumni Engagement	10	10	10
	Total	100	100	140

Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonomous Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
	6.1 Institutional Vision and			10
	Leadership	15	10	
	6.2 Strategy Development and	10	10	10
	Deployment			
6 Governance	6.3 Faculty Empowerment	25	30	30
6. Governance, Leadership and	Strategies			
Management	6.4 Financial Management and	20	20	20
J	Resource Mobilization			
	6.5 Internal Quality Assurance	30	30	30
	System			
	Total	100	100	100

Criteria	Key Indicators (KIs)	Universities	Autonomous Colleges	Affiliated Colleges
	7.1 Institutional Values and Social Responsibilities	50	50	50
	7.2 Best Practices	30	30	30
7. Institutional Values and Best	7.3 Institutional Distinctiveness	20	20	20
Practices	Total	100	100	100
	TOTAL SCORE	1000*	1000*	1000*

Α

Quantitative Metrics (DVV Process)

B

Qualitative Metrics (Peer team)

C

Student Satisfaction Survey (Stake holders perception)

Accreditation Outcome

Institutional Grades and Accreditation Status

Range of Institutional Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)	Letter Grade	Status
3.51 - 4.00	A ++	Accredited
3.26 - 3.50	A +	Accredited
3.01 - 3.25	A	Accredited
2.76 - 3.00	B++	Accredited
2.51 - 2.75	B+	Accredited
2.01 - 2.50	В	Accredited
1.51 - 2.00	С	Accredited
≤ 1.50	D	Not Accredited

• Results within 30 days after completion of visit



Timeline - Recap

IIQA — 15 days

SSR — within 45 days from approval of IIQA

DVV/SSS — 30 Days from submission of SSR

PTV — within 30-60 days from Prequalification

Announcement of Results: with in 30 days from PTV



Quality Assurance in Assessment and Accreditation

- Innovative and flexible curriculum
- Capacity building programs for students, faculty and staff members
- Quality Learning resources, career counseling and placement opportunities for students
- Mechanism to address the needs of slow learners and fast learners
- Adequate academic and infrastructure
- Start-ups, Innovation centers, consultancy, collaborative activities etc.,
- Life skills and Add on programs
- More free ships and scholarships for students
- Evaluation Process and Reforms
- Regular Academic, Administrative and Financial Audits
- Internal Quality Assurance Cell
- Cells for Anti Ragging, Sexual harassments and women harassment

Impact of accreditation

- quality improvement initiatives by Institutions.
- Improves student enrollment in both Quality and quantity.
- Helps the Institution in securing necessary funds.
- Enhances employability of graduates.
- Facilitates transnational recognition of degrees and mobility of graduates and professionals.
- Motivates faculty to participate actively in academic and Institutional activities.
- Helps to create a congenial Academic environment in the Institution.
- Contributes to social and economic development of the country.

